

GRAMMAR

	Vert	b Te	en	ses		U KAVRAMA TESTİ -	1
1.	The referee Drogba a red card for incident, although some fans he didn't tackle the other player at all. A) gave / are claiming B) was giving / claimed C) has given / were claiming D) would give / have claimed E) is giving / have been claiming		6.	 patients A) had / are B) are havin C) would have D) were have 	- nearest to the living	survey to find out which hospital.	
2.	The teacher clearly saw that the students what to do, and now they together. A) understand/work B) understood/are working C) have understood/would work D) can understand/were working E) would understand/worked	NETyds	7	in America A) is causin	-	blems that Civil Wars ago slavery. B) cause / would be D) was causing / is was	
3.	The goal not only to pass an exam, but also to reinforce what you now in your memory. A) does / learn B) has / are learning C) is / have learned D) did / would learn E) would be / were learning		8	 some pA) used to eB) are expeC) would expension	experience / had experience / had eriencing / would experience / are had operiencing / will h	aving	
4.	House prices steadily at the moment, so if you're thinking of buying, then sooner rather than later the best. A) increase / has been B) are increasing / is C) increased / was D) would increase / would be E) used to increase / will be	NETyds	9		bublic health ac	B) started D) would start	
5.	The Office of National Statistics found that a quarter of those aged between 55 and 59 said they from very high levels of anxiety.A) sufferB) are sufferingA) sufferD) were sufferingC) can sufferD) were sufferingE) are used to suffering.		10		u siness, but we	rogress towards opening e seriously doubt that he B) was / trying D) used / to try	NETyds



GRAMMAR

	F	Pass	ive	KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 13
1.	 The tower of Pisa is leaning to one side because the tower on a surface which A) was built / was moisturized B) would build / can moisturize C) has been built / moisturized D) had been built / was moisturizing E) will be building / may moisturize 		6.	Some people try to prove their worth by working too hard, because they are afraid that they by their close friends if they didn't have a job. A) couldn't have loved B) hadn't been loved C) haven't been loved D) weren't loved E) wouldn't be loved
2.	It that the city of Beijing several times in history. A) was known / had renamed B) has been known / is renamed C) will be known / would rename D) had been known / has renamed E) is known / has been renamed	NETyds	7.	The Taliban a harsh form of religious rule, but their right to govern by most of the world's nations. A) establishes / has not recognized B) will establish / will not recognize C) had been established / wasn't recognized D) established / is not recognized E) is established / can't be recognized
3.	Historically, the execution of criminals and political opponents by nearly all societies.A) is usedB) has been usedC) had been usingD) would have to useE) must have used		8.	The Singapore River a commercial area that by traders. A) was / had dominated B) had been / dominated C) must be / is dominated D) has been / could dominate E) used to be / was dominated
4.	The Egyptians the first to develop a superstition for the number thirteen, but for them the number good luck. A) were / will have brought B) were / brought C) have been / is brought D) would be / would brin E) have been / should be brought	NETY	9.	The report carefully by a team of unbiased individuals who not part of the original project. A) has been/reviewed/were B) had to/review/had been C) may be able to/review/are D) would be/reviewed/have been E) will be/reviewed/used to be
5.	 In Europe, it was the Industrial Revolution that rise to modern environmental pollution as it today. A) will give / has understood B) was giving / should understand C) had given / was understood D) gave / is understood E) gave / is supposed to understand 		10	A high school is the name which in America to describe an institution which all or part of secondary education. A) has used/provided B) used/was providing C) would use/is providing D) is used/provides E) was used/was provided



	Gerund	& Infinitives KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 35
1.	 The ferry service used to be the only means of the river the bridge was built. A) to cross/until B) crossed/as soon as C) crossing/before D) being crossed/when E) having crossed/by the time 	 6. It is estimated that more than 70% of the power and half of the gases causing global warming from heating buildings and driving cars. A) used/are emitted B) is used/emit C) using/have emitted D) to use/should be emitted E) to be used/may emit
2.	 The British government also wants to help summertime smog and recently new guidelines, urging motorists to think twice before using their cars. A) combat/released B) being combated / has been released C) to be combating / releasing D) combating / has released E) to combat / was released 	 7. Some people were trying which floor the boss worked on yesterday, but they wouldn't give their names. A) to find out B) finding out C) to finding out D) to be found out E) to have found out
3.	 The administration instructed the doctor at the scene of the accident as soon as he heard the siren sound. A) arriving B) arrived C) to be arrived D) having arrived E) to arrive 	 8. In 1649, Descartes was persuaded by Queen Christina of Sweden Holland for Stockholm, where, after only a few months, he pneumonia and died. A) to leave / caught B) leave / catching C) left / to be caught D) leaving / caught E) to be left / be caught
4.	 The Arabs have a rich oral tradition on the recitation of poetry and stories the heroism of the tribes. A) based / narrating B) to be based / having narrated C) basing / narrated D) having based / to narrate E) to have based / narrated 	 9. The question about which most physicists involves new sources of energy. A) were concerned / to finding B) concern / in finding C) are concerned / finding D) concerned / to find E) would concern / by finding
5.	 Over the last 10 years vehicles entering Greater London on an average working day from 1,984,000 to 2,430,000 in the number of cars the capital. A) have increased / entering B) increased / entered C) were increased / to enter D) have been increasing / having entered E) are increasing / to be entering 	 10. At least 160,000 people are known as a result of the latest tsunamis; the true final toll may never be known due to bodies out to sea, but it is likely to be higher than the current estimate. A) died / having been swept B) having died / sweeping C) to have died / swept D) dying / being swept E) to die / sweeping

Л		ETyds							GRAMMA	R
				Sentence	e C	on	nectors	KONL	J KAVRAMA TESTİ	- 53
	1.	bore juicy, red ro A) Once		key lived in a tree that B) When		6.	landlord kee elsewhere be	eps telling me efore the end of		
		C) As soon as E) The instant	D) The moment			A) By the time C) As if	E) If only	B) Unless D) Only if	
	2.			, her mother punished ce for a whole month.	NETyds	7.	-	l Alice look alil onality greatly.	ke in appearance, they	
		A) Despite		B) On account of	Ĩ		A) Despite		B) However	
		C) With respect to	1	D) Without regard to	Ž		C) As much		D) As though	
	3.		try, blessed v	vana is nonetheless a vith unspoiled natural		8.	of science j		the only good example , there were plenty of 80s.	
							A) so that		B) thus	
		A) Despite C) Whereas		B) In spite ofD) Although			A) so that C) in fact		D) however	
) In addition	D)Altiough			•••	E) to summari	•	
	4.	•		you should never kick sit you in your house	- NETyds	9.	-		g the matter for about 't reached a consensus	
		A) Although C) Whereas E)) Because	B) Due to D) However			A) so C) in case	E) whereas	B) yet D) so that	
NETyds	5.	-	-	am to be an American, sn't proud of being		10			ney, people used to ervices by means of	NETyds
NE		A) Despite		B) Much as			A) Prior to		B) Wherever	IE1
		C) Owing to		D) As much			C) As long as		D) Even though	<
		E) Though					E) In relation to	o the fact	



GRAMMAR

			N	Nixeo	k	KONU	J KAVRAMA TESTİ	- 76
	1. Esfahan was u cities of Iran, till		tion of Arabs, like h century A.D.	6		lours create cei / may be meanin	rtain emotions in some gless in others.	
	A) another C) other E	E) any of	B) others D) the others		A) Unlike C) Despite	E) While	B) As soon D) Whether	
:	of the rest of			NETyds —		us and for of	with create certain thers, especially their	
	A) quite C) many		B) even D) much	Ž	A) ours		B) ourselves	
		E) such			C) yours	E) themselves	D) them	
:	world. A) even taller C) a taller	have many o	of mountains in the B) the taller D) the tallest		commer		t role in the economy, place great importance B) but D) along with	
	mobile phone to A) were made C) have made		provements in the B) were making D) had made	NETyds	the use of	chemical clea businesses.	ple clean and minimise aning products in UK B) to change D) to be changed nged	
ł	technology that A) had made / to C) being made / I	t characte become	B) made / becoming D) was made / became	1	-	desman was	uctures were built from useful the carpenter. B) so / as D) such / than	NETyds



Reading Passages

ds

N N

NETyds

Air pollution is the addition of harmful substances to the atmosphere resulting in damage to the environment, human health, and guality of life. One of the many forms of pollution, air pollution occurs inside homes, schools, and offices; in cities; across continents; and even globally. Air pollution causes breathing problems and promotes cancer; it harms plants, animals, and the ecosystems in which they live. Some air pollutants return to Earth in the form of acid rain and snow, which decay statues and buildings, damage crops and forests, and make lakes and streams unsuitable for fish and other plant and animal life. Air pollution results from a variety of causes, not all of which are within human control. Dust storms in desert areas and smoke from forest and grass fires contribute to chemical and particulate pollution of the air.

1. It is understood from the passage that human beings ----.

- A) don't do anything to control air pollution
- B) aren't able to control air pollution completely
- C) are the only ones to blame for air pollution
- **D)** can easily protect themselves from the effects of air pollution
- E) aren't affected by acid rain and snow at all

2. From the passage it is clear that air pollution ----.

- A) is something that can be prevented by human beings
- B) is the main reason for cancer
- C) harms not only people, but also other living things
- D) causes certain breathing problems which are impossible to treat
- E) never occurs in areas where the quality of life is very high

3. One can understand from the passage that acid rain and snow ----.

A) only harm statues and buildings

NETyds

- B) make soil barren so it can't be cultivated
- C) contribute a lot to forest fires
- D) pose a threat to plant and animal life
- E) lead to dust storms in desert areas

The art of reading is alive and well as far as I'm concerned. I think that the focus has to be on kids - not just encouraging them to read but ensuring that that reading is stimulating, if not exciting. My 9-year-old daughter resisted all my attempts to get her interested in books until I read a simplified version of the Odyssey to her. She was surprised that it was Odysseus and not Hercules - as the Disney film claims - who blinded the giant. She was so fascinated by what has to be one of the classic adventure stories of all time that she now wants to read the full-length version. It's too bad there we have to try hard to make them read when there are cartoons on TV for 24 hours.

- 4. We learn from the passage that the daughter of the writer ----.
 - A) is a real bookworm
 - B) refused to be read any book other than a classic
 - C) wasn't expecting the hero to be Odysseus but Hercules in the story
 - D)had already read the full length version of Odyssey before his father read her
 - E) was still reluctant to read after her father read Odyssey to her
- 5. It is clear from the passage that the writer thinks ----.
 - A) her daughter will soon give up watching TV and start writing stories
 - **B)** reading improves the imagination of children while TV restricts it
 - C) that her daughter wouldn't have liked the story if it wasn't a classic
 - **D)** television can get in the way of encouraging children to read
 - E) Disney films are educational because they use classic tales

6. According to the writer of the passage reading ----.

- A) should be taught to children although it is boring
- B) is an activity which has never been exciting
- C) is something that is still part of society
- D) shouldn't be forced if the child is reluctant
- E) can never go beyond the alternatives TV offers

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 1



Paragraph Completion

Tyds

N N

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 21

- Bird strike is an aviation term for a collision between a bird and an aircraft. ----. For example, in 1988 an Ethiopian Airlines Boeing 737 sucked pigeons into both engines during take-off and then crashed in an attempt to return to the airport; of the 104 people aboard, 35 died and 21 were injured.
 - A) Also, air traffic controllers monitor flights from the ground and at airports
 - B) Human factors including pilot error are another potential danger
 - C) Damage may be in the form of simple scratches in the paint or small dents in the skin
 - **D)** It is a common threat to aircraft safety and has caused a number of fatal accidents
 - E) Airport design and location can have a big impact on air safety

- 3. ----. Therefore, they often produce books which do not have ISBNs. In certain industrialized countries large classes of commercial books, such as novels, and textbooks are nearly always given ISBNs by publishers, thus giving the illusion to many customers that the ISBN is an international and complete system, with no exceptions.
 - A) Codes or other marks have to be added to the books to speed the process of relating them to the catalogue
 - **B)** The first part of the ISBN is the country code, the second the publisher code, and the third the title code
 - C) Throughout the 20th century, libraries have faced an ever-increasing rate of publishing
 - D) Each book is specified by an International Standard Book Number, or ISBN
 - E) Many government publishers, in developing countries, do not participate fully in the ISBN system

- NETyds
- 2. The popularity of cosmetics in the 20th century has increased rapidly. ----. As a result, many companies have entered to this expanding market by introducing more flavoured lipsticks, cosmetics packaged in shiny, bright packaging and marketing and advertising using girls.
 - A) Cosmetic use was frowned upon at some points in history
 - B) Parents shouldn't let their daughters to use cosmetics at a very young age
 - **C)** The cosmetics industry is a multinational, multibillion-dollar industry
 - D) These include creams and lotions to moisturize the face and body
 - E) Especially in the US, cosmetics are being used by teens at a younger and younger age

- 4. Many items are manufactured to serve as toys. ----.For example, a child may pick up a household item and 'fly' it around pretending that it is an airplane, or an animal might play with a pinecone by hitting at it, chasing it, and throwing it up in the air.
 - A) Toys are more than simple amusement
 - **B)** However, items produced for other purposes can also be used as toys
 - **C)** It simply makes sense then that toys have a history as old as human civilization itself
 - **D)** They provide entertainment while fulfilling an educational role
 - E) Likewise, not all these items are appropriate for all ages of children
- NETyds



Odd-One-Out

NETyds

NETyds

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 29

(I) The appearance of technology has changed the tools available to storytellers. (II) The earliest forms of storytelling are thought to have been primarily oral combined with gestures and expressions. (III) People in all times and places have told stories. (IV) With the invention of writing, however, stories were recorded, transcribed and shared over wide regions of the world.(V) As technology has developed, stories have been recorded on film and stored electronically in digital form.

A) I B) II C) III D) I∨ E) ∨

(I) Some people with allergies can have negative reactions to animal fur or feathers. (II) Some animal rights campaigners object to the idea of having a companion animal. (III) They believe that holding an animal against his or her will is violating the individual's right to exist as an individual being. (IV) Although many companion animals are well-fed, and may not be obviously suffering, many of their natural instincts are repressed when they live with humans. (V) For example, they cannot hunt or perform normal social behaviour.

A) I B) II C) III D) I∨

E) V

3. (I) Research in food technology has created new ways of preserving and flavouring what we eat. (II) For a large part of recorded history, science had little bearing on people's everyday lives.(III) Scientific knowledge was gathered for its own sake, and it had few practical applications.(IV) However, with the dawn of the Industrial Revolution in the 18th century, this rapidly changed.(V) Today, science has a great effect on the way we live, largely through technology.

NETyds

A) I B) II C) III D) I∨ E) ∨

4. (I) The desire for power and advantage puts groups in opposition.(II)During the 19th and 20th century, many national political parties organized themselves into international organizations.(III) This opposition naturally escalates as one side, and then the other, tries to gain advantages, sometimes end with violence and war.(IV)This effect is also seen in religious and ethnic groups.(V)These groups see themselves as being oppressed and violence and war have often been rationalized as justified in defence of a culture or religion.

A) I B) II C) III D) I∨ E) ∨

5. (I) People experience shyness to different degrees.
(II) For example, an actor may be loud and bold on stage, but shy in an interview.(III)In addition, people may feel shy around certain people and not others.
(IV) Some research has indicated that shyness and anger are related.(V)For instance, one may be outgoing with friends, but experience love-shyness toward potential partners.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

6. (I) In the 1960s and 1970s, theories about dealing with anger were based upon expressing the feelings in some way. (II) As one becomes angry the body's muscles tense up.(III)This ranged from pillow hitting strategies to radical and extreme therapies such as scream therapy.(IV)Scream therapy is a therapy where patients stand in a room and simply scream for hours on end.(V) However, these techniques actually do nothing to prevent anger from taking hold.

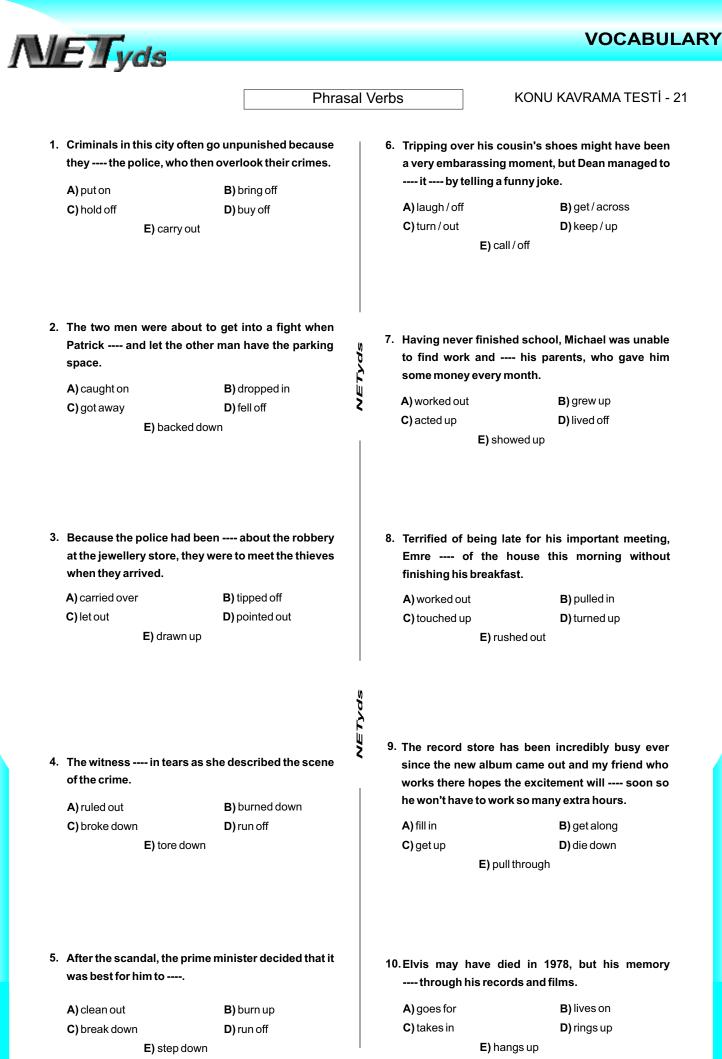
NETyds

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



VOCABULARY

		Vocabul	lary in (General		U KAVRAMA TESTİ - 4
1.	Despite the nature of the most people managed to be save their aggression for the A) jovial C) competitive	e friendly at night and	6	sitting, so the later. A) follow		mplicated to in one e decided to return to it B) soak
	E) exciting			C) complete	E) catch	D) absorb
2.	When George Bush went to President Ford about the fr offered him just about any jo	uture, the President	NETyds	workers to travel to wor	from the hor	de it possible for many ne without the need to
	A) vaguely C) beautifully E) entirely	B) kindly D) scarcely		A) function C) threaten	E) affected	B) improve D) accept
3.	In this day and age, it is for techniques in the past. A) possible	or the police to not use B) pessimistic	8	around the w	-	sights which people to visit in the USA, the special place.
	C) advisable E) penitent	D) provable		A) formulate C) sketch	E) gratify	B) revolt D) wish
4.	Apologise if you feel you m someone, and ask them how more appropriately in the fu	w you can behave	NETyds	-	the most lib	has marketed itself eral countries in the
	A) called C) seated E) overtook	B) pacified D) offended		A) almost C) successful	ly E) gratuitousl	B) hardly D) luckily y
5.	There are too many schools not showing enough to push their students, says the report from ministry of education			fridges, aiı		rplus with Iraq, selling s, food, cosmetics, aterials.
	A) sentenceC) handcuffsE) trial	B) ambition D) arrest		A) huge C) shallow	E) tiny	B) lengthy D) fractured





KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 1

1. Mrs. Parks

- Will you guys be having another drink?

÷

Partick Clancy:

 No, I have to get home to my wife.I promised her I'd be home and I can't call her because my cell phone's dead.

Mrs. Parks

- ----

Patrick Clancy:

- No I won't, but there's always tomorrow and it's a half day so we can meet here at 1:30.
- A) What time are you going to be here tomorrow?
- B) Are you going home to your wife?
- **C)** Here, call her on my cell phone and tell her to join us.
- D) Call her on your cell phone and tell her to come and join us.
- E) What time is your wife expecting you?

3. Customer:

Dialogue

NETyds

- Excuse me, do you do tomato soup here?

Waiter :

- Yes we do. We do it with cream or with just basil.

Customer:

.

- ----

Waiter

- Okay, one tomato soup with no cream coming up.
- A)Oh, that's goog. I'm on a diet, so I'll have it without cream.
- **B)** Is the basil fresh or dried and what about the cream?
- C) Do you have any other types of soup? Idon't like both tomato soup.
- D) I think that I'd better stick with a salad. That's healthy
- E) Where do the tomatoes come from? Is it homemade?

2. Pete :

- How come you can't come out this weekend?

Steve:

 I really can't afford another weekend like last weekend.

Pete :

- ----

NETvds

Steve :

- I am, but I need to get my car fixed up before the holiday.
- A) Do you think that you'll be able to come out though?
- B) Yes, it was a rather expensive one, wasn't it?
- C) Well, come out, but just don't spend as much money.
- D) I think that I probably spent too much money, too.
- E) I thought you were earning good money at the moment.

4. Sonny :

NETyds

-- This is called the 'Enter-trainer.' It's meant to force people to exercise.

Oliver :

- Ah, so if you don't exercise, your TV turns off; doesn't it?

Sonny :

- ----

Oliver :

- I see, so if you don't eventually pick up the pace, then the TV is shut off automatically
- A) I haven't exercised in several years myself, actually.
- B) Well, not exactly; it actually lowers the volume of the TV first.
- C) No, this device has nothing to do with television.
- D) I think it costs around 100 dollars, at most.
- E) No, it doesn't; you can hook it up to a Nintendo game boy.



KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 9

 Your boss is often late to the office in the mornings. Sometimes she calls to say when she will show up, and sometimes she doesn't. You enjoy taking it easy and doing little work in the mornings. To find out how much time you have to finish some work you were meant to finish yesterday, you locate her secretary and ask:

NE Vds

- A) Is Miss Jones coming in today, or is she sick again?
- B) How many crossword puzzles do you think I can complete before Miss Jones arrives?
- **C)** I challenge you to an inter-office okey tournament.
- D) Do you know when Miss Jones will be in today? I have some questions for her.
- E) Could you please give me a call when Miss Jones comes in so I know to change my screen content?

- 3. Your sister wants you to help her. She wants to go on holiday with her friends, but your parents won't let her go because she is just ten years old and they worry about her. You know her friend's parents well, and think that they are very responsible. You talk to your parents for her and say:
 - A) We are old enough to decide what to do, so just leave us alone.
 - B) You never let me go on holiday; it won't be fair if you let her go.
 - C) Why don't you meet her friend's parents, then you'll be able to feel safer about her going?
 - D) How can you let her go; she is just ten years old?
 - E) Do you know how long she is going to stay there?

- NETyds
- 2. This is your first day of your new job. You turned on your computer, but as soon as you started working on it, it crashed. You're sure that you didn't do anything wrong to it, but you don't want to say anything to your boss, because you think that she might get angry. You decide the best thing to do is to ask one of your new colleagues to help you. So you say to him:
 - A) What have you done to my computer? It's not working
 - B) I'm sorry to disturb you, but the boss wants to speak to you.
 - C) Does anybody know where I can buy a new computer?
 - **D)** I think there's going to be trouble for you when the boss finds out.
 - E) Do you think that you could help me here; my computer doesn't seem to work?

- 4. You are trying to persuade your mother to let you go out with your friends for the evening. Your mother wants you to clean your room because you promised to clean it yesterday but it's still very messy. As she will let you go out if you clean your room your mother says:
 - A) It's okay; you can clean your room in the evening.
 - **B)** You always promise to do things but you never do them. You can go out if you keep your promise this time.
 - **C)** You should clean the entire house otherwise; you will never go out again.
 - **D)** Tell your friends to come here. You can't go out today.
 - E) I will help you if it's too tiring for you.



Translation (English-Turkish)

NETyds

KONU KAVRAMA TESTİ - 17

SKILLS

- Only if the doctor can convince the patient that he will get better does it become possible for the patient to agree to be treated.
 - A) Hastanın tedavi olmayı kabul etmesi, ancak doktor tarafından iyileşeceğine inandırmasıyla mümkün olmaktadır.
 - B) Doktor, hastasının iyileşeceğine dair garanti verebilirse; hasta tedavi olmaya yanaşacaktır.
 - C) Doktor, ancak hastayı iyileşeceğine inandırabilirse; hastanın tedavi olmayı kabul etmesi mümkün olmaktadır.
 - D) İyileşeceğine inandırabilen bir hastanın doktorun vereceği her türlü tedaviyi kabul etmesi daha kolay olmaktadır.
 - E) Doktor, hastasını iyileşeceğine ikna edebildiği zaman, hasta tedavi olmayı reddetmez.

- Technology has raised the standard of living, at least in the developed nations, to a point unimaginable a century ago.
 - A) Teknoloji, en azından gelişmiş ülkelerde, yaşam standardını yüzyıl önce hayal edilemeyecek bir noktaya çıkartmıştır.
 - B) Teknoloji,gelişmiş ülkelerdeki yaşam standardını yüzyıl önce hayal edilemeyecek düzeylere getirmiştir.
 - C) Teknoloji, en az gelişmiş ülkelerin yaşam standardını bir asır önce hayal edilemeyecek düzeylere getirmiştir.
 - D) Az gelişmiş ülkelerin yaşam standardını inanılmaz bir noktaya yükselten şey, yüzyıl önce hayal edilemeyen teknoloji olmuştur.
 - E) Teknolojinin hayal edilemeyecek bir noktaya yükseltilmiş olması, en azından yüzyıl öncesine dayanmaktadır.

- NETyds
- 2. Like any salesperson, an advertisement also tries to persuade, but the decision is ultimately the prospective customers.
 - A) Bir satış elemanı aynen reklam gibi ikna etmeye çalışır, fakat nihai karar tabii ki müşterinindir.
 - B) Her ne kadar herhangi bir satış elemanı bir reklam gibi ikna etmeye çalışsa da, müşteri son kararı verendir.
 - C) Müşteri son karar veren kişidir ancak bir satış elemanının görevi, aynı reklamlarda olduğu gibi ikna etmektir.
 - D) İkna etme çabası hem reklamlarda hem de herhangi bir satış elemanında gözlenir; yine de son karar müşterinindir.
 - E) Herhangi bir satış elemanı gibi, reklam da ikna etmeye çalışır; ancak, eninde sonunda karar, potansiyel müşterilerindir.

- Even though there are good reasons for being pessimistic about the world's food resources, not all experts share this general despondency.
 - A) Dünyanın yiyecek kaynakları konusunda kötümser olmak için iyi nedenler olsa bile, uzmanların hepsi bu genel ümitsizliği paylaşmıyorlar.
 - B) Birçok insan dünyanın yiyecek kaynakları konusunda kötümser olsa da, uzmanların hepsi bu ümitsizliği paylaşmıyor.
 - C) Kimi uzmanlar dünyanın yiyecek kaynakları konusunda oldukça kötümser olsa da, bütün uzmanlar aynı ümitsizliği paylaşmıyor.
 - D) Tüm dünyanın yiyecek kaynakları konusunda kötümser olmak için bazı nedenleri olsa da, uzmanlar bu görüşte hemfikir değil.
 - E) Dünyanın yiyecek kaynaklarının tükenmesi kötümserliğe yol açsa da, uzmanların hepsi bu konuda ümitsiz değil.